Numerical Analysis Qualifying Exam Mathematics Department New Mexico Tech Fall, 2005

(Answer all 6 questions.)

1. Given the de nition of the 2{norm of a matrix

$$kAk_2 = \max_{kxk_2=1} kAxk_2$$

Show that

$$kAk_2 = \frac{Q}{\max(A^T A)}$$

Hint: Consider the constrained problem

 $\max kAxk_2^2$ 

subject to

$$kxk_{2}^{2} = 1$$
:

Apply the Lagrange multiplier technique to this problem.

2. A nite di erence formula for the rst derivative is

$$f^{\emptyset}(x) = \frac{f(x+h) \quad f(x)}{h} \quad \frac{h}{2}f^{\emptyset}(c)$$

where *c* is some point in the interval (x; x + h). Suppose that  $jf^{(0)}(z)j = M$  on the interval (x; x + h) and that the values of f(x) (argued and discussed)

(a) The Jacobi iteration algorithm creates the sequence of approxima-